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1,000

0

2002

2004

2006



10

2024

## The Rise of BRICS in World Trade: Catching Up With the G7

From 2000 to 2024, BRICS exports, led by China, have progressively advanced to current near parity with G7 exports. In 2024, BRICS accounted for 28% of world exports, near the share of the G7 of 32%, pointing to a momentous rebalancing of global trade with far-reaching implications for global businesses.

2024: BRICS+ with 10 member states 8.000 100 and total exports of USD 5.6 tn, of which BRICS Exports (LHS) BRICS exports grew 11.1% from China accounted for USD 3.6 tn (64%) G7 Exports (LHS) USD 476 bn in 2000 to almost USD 6 tn 7.000 in 2024 (BRICS+), while G7 exports BRICS Share of World Exports (RHS) grew only 3.6% over the same period G7 Share of World Exports (RHS) 6,000 70 5.000 60 4.000 50 40 3,000 30 2.000 20

BRICS vs G7 Exports, USD bn and Share of World Exports, % (2000-2024)

Source: UN Comtrade, ANDAMAN PARTNERS Analysis. Note: The first BRIC summit took place in 2009, and became BRICS in 2010 with the addition of South Africa.

2010

2008

BRICS was formally constituted in 2009 with founding member states Brazil, Russia, India and China, and South Africa joined in 2010. In the following years, the BRICS bloc, although with a diverse group of member states, has become an engine of global growth and trade, and emblematic of an increasingly multipolar world. In 2024-2025, BRICS was bolstered by five new member states: Egypt, Ethiopia, Indonesia, Iran and the UAE.

2012

2016

2018

2020

In 2000, the collective exports of the five states that would constitute BRICS in 2010 amounted to USD 476 billion—a mere 8% of world exports—with China accounting for a share of 52%. At this time, the collective exports of the G7 states (Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the U.K. and the U.S.) amounted to USD 2.9 trillion, a share of 46% of world exports.

By 2010, BRICS exports amounted to USD 2.5 trillion, an increase of 18% from 2010, while G7 exports just exceeded USD 5 trillion. By this time, BRICS exports accounted for 17% of world exports, and the share of G7 exports had decreased to 34%.

By 2024, with the BRICS bloc now expanded to 10 member states, BRICS exports reached USD 5.9 trillion (of which China accounted for USD 3.6 trillion or 64%), accounting for 28% of

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world exports. G7 exports reached USD 6.7 trillion, accounting for 32% of world exports. From 2000 to 2024, BRICS exports grew 11.1%, while G7 exports grew only 3.6%.

BRICS economies, particularly China, India and Indonesia, are growing much faster than G7 economies in terms of both GDP and export volumes. It is likely only a matter of time until BRICS exports exceed G7 exports, a historic milestone that could occur within the next few years.

When BRICS exports surpass G7 exports, it would signal a momentous rebalancing of global trade and a structural shift with far-reaching implications. This shift would indicate that global production, logistics and consumer networks are being reshaped around emerging and developing economies, not developed economies.

For global businesses, the inexorable rise of BRICS points to the imperative of designing supply chains and market entry strategies that have BRICS at the centre, not the periphery.

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